

PHYC30018 Quantum Physics

Credit Points:	12.50
Level:	3 (Undergraduate)
Dates & Locations:	2010, Parkville This subject commences in the following study period/s: Semester 1, Parkville - Taught on campus. Lectures
Time Commitment:	Contact Hours: 2 to 4 hours per week, 36 in total, lectures and problem-solving classes Total Time Commitment: Estimated total time commitment of 120 hours
Prerequisites:	<p>Physics</p> <p>All three of</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> # <u>640-214 Quantum Mechanics & Special Relativity</u> (../view/2010/640-214) # <u>640-215 Electromagnetism & Optics</u> (../view/2010/640-215) # <u>640-213 Thermal & Classical Physics</u> (../view/2010/640-213) (may be taken concurrently). <p>OR</p> <p>one of</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> # 640-223 Quantum Mechanics & Thermal Physics (prior to 2009) # <u>640-243 Quantum Mechanics & Thermal Physics</u> (../view/2010/640-243) <p>And Mathematics</p> <p>Either both of</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> # <u>620-231 Vector Calculus</u> (../view/2010/620-231) # <u>620-295 Real Analysis with Applications</u> (../view/2010/620-295) <p>Or</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> # 620-296 Multivariable & Vector Calculus (prior to 2010) <p>For students who commenced second year level mathematics prior to 2009:</p> <p>One of</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> # 620-231 Vector Analysis (prior to 2009) # 620-233 Vector Analysis Advanced (prior to 2009) # <u>620-231 Vector Calculus</u> (../view/2010/620-231) <p>And one of</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> # 620-232 Mathematical Methods (prior to 2010) # 620-234 Mathematical Methods Advanced (prior to 2009).
Corequisites:	None
Recommended Background Knowledge:	None
Non Allowed Subjects:	<p>Students may only gain credit for one of</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> # 640-331 Quantum Physics # 640-321 Quantum Mechanics Advanced (prior to 2010) # 640-341 Quantum Mechanics (prior to 2009)
Core Participation Requirements:	It is University policy to take all reasonable steps to minimise the impact of disability upon academic study and reasonable steps will be made to enhance a student's participation in the University's programs. Students who feel their disability may impact upon their active and safe participation in a subject are encouraged to discuss this with the relevant subject coordinator and the Disability Liaison Unit.

Coordinator:	Prof Raymond Volkas
Contact:	Email: c640331@physics.unimelb.edu.au (mailto:c640331@physics.unimelb.edu.au)
Subject Overview:	<p>Quantum mechanics plays a central role in our understanding of fundamental phenomena, primarily in the microscopic domain. It lays the foundation for an understanding of atomic, molecular, condensed matter, nuclear and particle physics.</p> <p>Topics covered include:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> # the basic principles of quantum mechanics (probability interpretation; Schrödinger equation; Hermitian operators, eigenstates and observables; symmetrisation, antisymmetrisation and the Pauli exclusion principle; entanglement) # wave packets, Fourier transforms and momentum space # eigenvalue spectra and delta-function normalisation # Heisenberg uncertainty principle # matrix theory of spin # the Hilbert space or state vector formation using Dirac bra-ket notation # the harmonic oscillator # the quantisation of angular momentum and the central force problem including the hydrogen atom # approximation techniques including perturbation theory and the variational method # applications to atomic and other systems.
Objectives:	<p>Students completing this subject should be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> # explain the basic principles of quantum physics including the probability interpretation, unitary time-evolution, the association of operators with observables, Pauli exclusion principle, and entanglement; # solve elementary problems involving intrinsic spin; # solve problems by applying quantum mechanical theory to situations involving atoms, molecules, solids, nuclei and elementary particles; # appreciate the importance of approximation techniques in quantum mechanics.
Assessment:	Two written assignments each totalling up to an equivalent of 1500 words during the semester (10% each). A 3-hour written examination in the examination period (80%).
Prescribed Texts:	None
Recommended Texts:	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> # D J Griffiths Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, 2nd Ed, Pearson Prentice Hall 2005. # E Merzbacher, Quantum Mechanics, Wiley # B H Bransden and C J Joachain, Introduction to Quantum Mechanics, Longmans
Breadth Options:	<p>This subject potentially can be taken as a breadth subject component for the following courses:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> # Bachelor of Commerce (https://handbook.unimelb.edu.au/view/2010/B-COM) # Bachelor of Environments (https://handbook.unimelb.edu.au/view/2010/B-ENVS) # Bachelor of Music (https://handbook.unimelb.edu.au/view/2010/B-MUS) <p>You should visit learn more about breadth subjects (http://breadth.unimelb.edu.au/breadth/info/index.html) and read the breadth requirements for your degree, and should discuss your choice with your student adviser, before deciding on your subjects.</p>
Fees Information:	Subject EFTSL, Level, Discipline & Census Date, http://enrolment.unimelb.edu.au/fees
Generic Skills:	<p>A student who completes this subject should be able to:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> # analyse how to solve a problem by applying simple fundamental laws to more complicated situations # apply abstract concepts to real-world situations

	<ul style="list-style-type: none"># solve relatively complicated problems using approximations# participate as an effective member of a group in tutorial discussions# manage time effectively in order to be prepared for tutorial classes, undertake the written assignments and the examination.
Notes:	This subject is available for science credit to students enrolled in the BSc (both pre-2008 and new degrees), BAsC or a combined BSc course.
Related Course(s):	Bachelor of Science
Related Majors/Minors/ Specialisations:	Chemical Physics Mathematical Physics Mathematics and Statistics (Mathematical Physics specialisation) Physics Physics